## Snacking in Youth Sports

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## Introduction

In the United States, about
Snacks make up about $28 \%$ of a child's daily energy intake.
Children who participate in sports are more physically active when compared to children whor do not participate.

Participating does not ensure that children are meeting the physical activity recommendations.
Children who participate in sports consume more unhealthy foods and a greater number of calories overall.
Snacks brought to youth sports events are often
pre-packaged convenience foods.
Snacks usually equate to $300-500$ or more
calories. calories.
A small percentage of parents are dissatisfied with snacks found in recreational sports.
Purpose Statement
The purpose of this thesis was to evaluate factors that influence parents' choices on team snacks selection for children after participating in an organized basketball
program. program.

## Research Questions

What factors influence parents decision in snack selection for kids participating in youth sports?
How do parents perceive the current snack
environment?

## Methods

Sample
Convenience sampling
Parents with children between 4 and 13 years, participating in Orange Coast eligible to participate
Instrumentation
13 Item survey was created
3 Closed-ended questions
4 Open-ended questions
6 Demographic questions

## Procedures

Parents were recruited in person, on-site the day of their child's practice. Invitation to participate was done orally. Interested parents were given an informed consent form
Parents who returned the consent form back signed were given a survey. Parents returned the survey to the principal investigator when they were finished.
Data Analysis
Descriptive statistics was used to analyze closed-ended and demographic questions. Thematic analysis was used to analyze open-ended questions.

Results
Sample Demographics
A total of 99 parents completed the survey.
Of those that responded, (42\% ( $n=42$ ) were female, and $54 \%$ ( $n=54$ ) were male
Looking at age, $3 \%(n=3)$ were between $25-34$ years, $57.6 \%(n=57)$ between $35-44$ years, and $36.4 \%(n=36)$ between $45-55$ years. Nearly all participants packed a team snack at least once during the season ( $n=93,94 \%$ ), while only $6 \%(n=6)$ did not.
More than half of the parents did not want to see changes made to team snacks ( $n=63,63.6 \%$ ), while $35.4 \%$ ( $n=35$ ) reported they would like to see changes.

Factors Influencing Parental Decision on Team Snack Selection
Two closed-ended questions were used to answer research question 1 .

- Parents were asked to list their three most important factors that - Parents were asked to list their three most important factors that
affected team snack selection.
28.3) followed by conjenience ( $n=20,202 \%$ ) and health ( $n=28$, 19.2\%).

For their second factor, most listed health ( $n=36,36.4 \%$ ), child preference ( $n=21,21.2 \%$ ), and convenience ( $n=19,19.2 \%$ ). For the third factor, most listed cost ( $n=25,25.3 \%$ ) followed by health ( $n=18,18.2$ ) and convenience ( $n=18,18.2$ ),
Parents were also asked to rank the level of importance of various
factors when choosing team snacks.
Convenience $(n=55,55.6 \%$ ), child's snack preference ( $n=53,53.5 \%$ ), health ( $n=43,43.4 \%$ ), and cost ( $n=41,41.4 \%$ ) were most frequently reported as "important."
Figure 1 displays the rest of the results.
Figure 1. Frequency of levels of importance of factors affecting team snack selection


Emerging Themes
search questions 2 \& 3.
Table 1 below provides identified themes and supporting quotes.

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Table 1. Themes and supporting quotes.
Theme n Supporting Quote
Question 4: What is your opinion on the team snack bags given to your child(ren)
Question 4: What is your opinion on the team snack bags given to your child(ren)
Age 9- "For the younger players I believe it's a nice treat for them, however for the older players not so much."
Frequency 3 "OK overall. They are mostly good and it's only once a week so the snacks I didn't like were still ok to have because it's once a week"
Timing 6 "They are great but prefer not to have snacks after practice.
Enjoyment 20 "I think it's great because the kids look forward to it. Personally, I am indifferent."
Reward/treat 4 4 "They are fine. We eat healthier at home. Se we are fine with this as a special treat
Health 19 "Most of the time they have too much sugar.."
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Example Snack Content 14 "Drink, fruit, chips, candy."
Question 5: Would you like to see changes in team snack bags packed by parensed
Allergy 5lt
Sugar 18 "Less sugar drinks; maybe replace with toys or inexpensive rewards rather than excessive sugar snacks."
Organic 1 "All organic and more fruit...
Fruit/Veg 6 "Would like to see more fruit items.
Portions
"More wate
Timing 1 ""..Would like to see consideration on the time of the day.."
Question 6: In your opinion, what would be the ideal foods and drinks to give out as team snacks to children. Why?
Enjoyment 8 "Chips, fruit juice box, kids love it."
Sugar 29 "... No sugar or low sugar drinks."; "Low sugar-no candy"
Sugar Healthy 35 "...Nealthier provides good energy, get the children accustomed to tasting fruit and vegetables",
Treat
Convenience
Refue// Recovery 7 "Water or electrolyte drink-to refuel loss electrolyte something with protein for."
Nut/Allergies
Sugar
Soad
Candy
Artificial Ingredients
Gum
Balance
Shared Values
Guidelines/Structure
Cons
Cons
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## Conclusion

Youth sports offer an opportunity to establish healthy lifestyle habits.

Sports promote physical activity, however, the food environment that surrounds it may not be conducive to fitness and health. Overall, most parents listed health, convenience, child's snack preference, and cost as main factors that influence team snack
selection. selection.
More than half ( $n=63,63.6 \%$ ) of parents do not wish to see changes made to team snacks. Of the $35 \%$ ( $n=35$ ) that did not want changes, parents generally desired healthier snacks and snacks lower in sugar.
Fruit was commonly mentioned as an appropriate snack.
Almost all parents agreed that snacks high in sugar and snacks that contain common allergens should never be given out as part of
team snacks. team snacks.
Recommendations for Future Research

> Future research may want to use focus groups within this population to develop more complete answers.
Future research may also want to look into parental opinion on snacking guidelines

Focus on how parents would like to
receive this information.
Also, on what types of information
parents would like to receive.

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