II. DRUG POLICIES

A. Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (Federal)

1. The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989 (PL 101–226) require the University to notify each student and employee of campus conduct standards regarding the use of alcohol and illicit drugs, legal sanctions which apply, possible health risks, and available counseling and assistance programs. See the CSULB Catalog for more details.

B. Drugs on University Property

- 1. On property owned or operated by the university, the solicitation, sale, use, or knowing possession of dangerous drugs, restricted dangerous drugs, or narcotics (as these terms are used in California statutes) are prohibited. Excepted are drugs lawfully prescribed or lawfully permitted. However, use of marijuana, whether prescribed or otherwise, is prohibited on campus grounds and facilities.
- 2. CSULB enforces all drug laws in the University community. Violations of any of the above will result in legal sanctions, University sanctions, or both (California Health and Safety Code, Division 10, all, and including, Section 11357 through 11401)

C. MARIJUANA AND ALL RELATED PRODUCTS

1. The use, possession or sale of marijuana and any THC derivatives are prohibited at CSULB. Under federal law which supersedes State law, marijuana is still illegal. The campus is held to two federal laws, the Drug-Free Schools and Community Act, and the Drug-Free Workplace Act. These laws say that in order to receive any federal funding (work-study, financial aid, and federal research grants), the university must prohibit all illegal drugs.

As for medical marijuana, the Drug-Free Schools and Community Act, and the Drug-Free Workplace Act do not distinguish medical and non-medical use. CSULB, like all public colleges and universities, prohibits any marijuana use, regardless of medical status.