

**CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, LONG BEACH
DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS**

REAPPOINTMENT, TENURE, AND PROMOTION (RTP) POLICY

EFFECTIVE FALL 2025

1 California State University, Long Beach (CSULB) is a teaching-intensive, research-driven
2 university that emphasizes student engagement, scholarly and creative achievement, civic
3 participation, and global perspectives. The Department of Economics Reappointment, Tenure,
4 and Promotion (RTP) Policy for CSULB establishes the criteria by which the work of tenure-
5 track and tenured faculty shall be evaluated within this context. The department expects all
6 tenure-track and tenured faculty to demonstrate a sustained, high-quality record in: (1)
7 instructional activities; (2) research, scholarly, and creative activities (RSCA); and (3) service
8 contributions.

1.0 GUIDING PRINCIPLES

1.1 Guiding Principles of Reappointment, Tenure, and Promotion (RTP)

1.1.1 The University RTP Policy provides the basic framework for all RTP procedures and decisions on this campus. The College of Liberal Arts RTP Policy provides additional specificity for the evaluation of faculty members in the college.

1.1.2 Candidates, evaluators, and mentors need to consult university, college, and department RTP policies.

1.1.3 The purpose of the RTP process is to evaluate candidates on completed work for specified periods of review.

1.1.4 Academic honesty is one of the core values that drive the RTP process. As such, all statements made by candidates and all materials put forth for consideration in RTP matters must abide by the highest standards of academic honesty and integrity. Members of the faculty found to have altered or misrepresented their academic records shall be found in violation of this principle. Such issues shall be referred to Faculty Affairs.

1.1.5 Candidates are expected to present their files in a clear and coherent manner organized according to the policy requirements and instructions.

1.1.6 Candidates' narratives shall clearly contextualize work accomplished as detailed on the Professional Data Sheet (PDS).

1.1.7 The Department Chair will assign all new faculty members a Faculty Mentor in the first semester of appointment. The Faculty Mentor will provide, in a timely fashion, examples of appropriate documentation for future review. The Department will elect an RTP Committee as indicated in the bylaws.

40 **1.1.8** Evaluations and recommendations of candidates must be made based on criteria and
41 procedures delineated in university, college, or department RTP policies. No evaluation shall
42 include or be based on unprofessional sources such as hearsay in any form, including unofficial
43 sources (e.g., social media, websites, etc.), petitions and anonymous letters, nor shall the
44 evaluation consider materials not included in the official RTP file.

45
46 **1.1.9** As per the Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA), letters and other materials obtained
47 during open period are to be considered as part of the evaluation of a candidate.

48
49 **1.1.10** Faculty engage in multi-faceted activities that encompass one or more areas of evaluation.
50 Multifaceted activities may be broken into components and discussed where appropriate.
51 Components discussed or listed under one area of evaluation cannot be duplicated under another
52 area of evaluation.

53
54 **1.2 File Requirements**

55
56 **1.2.1** All candidates shall provide the following in RTP files:

57
58 A. Professional Data Sheet labeled according to university requirements and with the following
59 CLA specifications:

60
61 1. Instructional Activities:

- 62 a. By semester, list formal academic advising activities and associated duties, if applicable.
- 63 b. By semester, list activities for which units are assigned (e.g., assigned time or other), such
64 as involvement in student mentoring, supervision of student research, projects, and/or
65 fieldwork, if applicable.
- 66 c. By semester, include instructional activities outside of the classroom. Such activities
67 include but are not limited to: (1) supervision of student independent research projects; (2)
68 supervision of student research assistants; (3) chairing or serving on student thesis, project,
69 and/or exam committees; and (4) supervision of student teachers, if applicable.

70
71 2. Research, Scholarly, and Creative Activities (RSCA):

72 For all RSCA that does not appear under Works in Progress, candidate must:

- 73 a. Label according to CLA definitions for publication status and peer review.
- 74 b. Place all previously claimed work under the double line.
- 75 c. List RSCA-related external grants;
- 76 d. Briefly annotate each peer-reviewed publication listed with the following:
 - 77 i. Description of publication venue (e.g., journal, media, volume, event, performance,
78 etc.) vis-à-vis the discipline and/or subfield;
 - 79 ii. Rationale for publication venue choice;
 - 80 iii. Explanation of candidate's contribution to co- and multi-authored RSCA.

81
82 3. Service activities, including term of service, offices held, degree of participation, and
83 responsibilities.

86 B. Narrative addressing the three areas of evaluation (instructional activities, RSCA, and
87 service). This three-part narrative shall be submitted via the Candidate Statement Form which
88 allows up to 3,000 words.

89
90 C. Workload Assignment Form.*

91
92 D. Academic Advisor Report[†] (as appropriate).

93
94 E. All peer-reviewed publications for the period of review, including (for each):

95
96 1. Proof of peer review for peer-reviewed publications, including documentation provided by the
97 publisher or editor, or as appropriate to the discipline or type of RSCA
98 2. Proof of publication status for all RSCA submitted with the RTP file, including in press,
99 forthcoming, accepted, or under contract with a complete manuscript, as appropriate to the
100 discipline or type of RSCA.

101
102 F. Student course evaluation summaries for each section of courses taught for which formal
103 student course evaluations were required during the period of review.

104
105 G. One representative syllabus for each course taught during the period of review.

106
107 H. Course materials providing evidence of teaching effectiveness, as described in Section 2.1.3.

108
109 I. All prior RTP reviews, periodic evaluations, and evidence of mentoring (i.e., mini-review
110 evaluations or other) over the full review period, including the candidate's responses or rebuttals,
111 if any. For promotion to rank of Professor, the report for tenure and promotion to Associate
112 Professor shall be included.

113
114 J. Index of all material prepared by the candidate except the index of open-period materials,
115 which shall be prepared by the department RTP committee chair or designee.

116
117 1.2.2 With the exception of optional written student evaluations, as per Section 2.1.1.2.b, any
118 materials in excess of those enumerated in Section 1.2.1 A-J, will not be considered for review
119 by the committees.

120
121 **1.3 Values**

122 The criteria according to which decisions regarding reappointment, tenure, and promotion (RTP)
123 are made are based on the CLA's values, which are stated in the CLA RTP policy.

124
125 **2.0 RTP AREAS OF EVALUATION**

126 *Denotes official form available from the College of Liberal Arts.

†Academic Advisor form available from the College of Liberal Arts and only required of faculty
who receive unit compensation for advising activities.

127 The following categories of evaluation are required by the University RTP policy. The
128 Department of Economics requires compliance with the presentation of documentation as per the
129 guidelines for each area of evaluation below.

130

131 **2.1 Instructional Activities**

132

133 Effective instructional activities within the College of Liberal Arts encompass a wide range of
134 tasks and responsibilities. The University RTP Policy (Section 2.1) defines instruction as “any
135 action designed to engage students, help them to learn, and contribute to their success, regardless
136 of whether it is part of formal coursework.” Within CLA, instructional activities include but are
137 not limited to classroom instruction; chairing thesis committees; supervising individual students
138 enrolled in activities like independent study, research, internship, honors, student teaching;
139 instructionally related mentoring and advising students; curriculum and course development,
140 including designing study abroad experiences. Departments may define additional activities—
141 such as serving on thesis or comprehensive exam committees—as instructional activities. CLA
142 requires faculty to identify any instructional activities for which they received assigned time by
143 including a Workload Assignment Form and, if applicable, an Academic Advisor Report in their
144 file.

145

146 **2.1.1 Instructional Activities File**

147

148 **2.1.1.1 Required Materials**

150 To demonstrate effective teaching as defined in CLA Policy section 2.1.3, candidates **must**
151 submit:

152

- 153 a. A teaching narrative written on the fillable form.
- 154 b. Student course evaluation summaries for each course for which formal student course
155 evaluations were required during the period of review.
- 156 c. Grade distributions relative to course level.
- 157 d. One (1) representative course syllabus for each course taught during the period of review.
- 158 e. A Workload Assignment Form and an Academic Advisor Report, if applicable. Candidates
159 who have received assigned time to provide formal student academic advising shall report on
160 their activities per a consistent procedure approved by the Dean or designee.
- 161 f. Evidence of effective teaching in support of continuous professional learning, thoughtful
162 reflection on and adaptation of instruction, and the use of instructional practices that foster
163 student learning and the achievement of course goals. Suggestions for supporting evidence
164 are outlined in Section 2.1.3. This evidence should be included in candidate’s Professional
165 Data Sheet and listed in their index.

166

167 **2.1.1.2 Optional Materials**

168

169 To demonstrate effective teaching as defined in CLA Policy Section 2.1.3, candidates may also
170 submit:

171

- 172 a. Peer observation of instruction. Candidates may request a peer observation.

173 b. Written remarks on student course evaluations. Candidates must include all remarks
174 (whether positive or negative) from written evaluations if they opt to include remarks.
175

176 **2.1.2 Narrative of Instructional Philosophy and Practice**

177 CLA faculty members are expected to demonstrate effective teaching. The candidate's narrative
178 of instructional philosophy and practice provides the context necessary for understanding and
179 interpreting the candidate's instructional goals, materials, and accomplishments.
180

181 The ability to teach, mentor and serve our diverse students is highly valued by the university,
182 college and department. Candidates should pay special attention to the relationship between
183 cultural and identity taxation and teaching, if applicable. Candidates who experience cultural and
184 identity taxation may choose to describe this in their narratives, detailing how their positionality
185 might impact their teaching assignment, methodologies, and student perceptions of instruction.
186 Candidates may wish to describe in their narratives how their own unique circumstances
187 intersected with the needs of the campus community during the period under review, clarifying
188 how this may have affected their teaching performance. Committees, chairs, and the Dean shall
189 consider cultural and identity factors in evaluating candidate files.
190

191 **2.1.3 Requirements and Definitions of Effective Teaching**

192 The University RTP Policy grounds effective teaching in three principles: 1) continuous
193 professional learning; 2) thoughtful reflection on and subsequent adaptation of instruction; and 3)
194 the use of instructional practices that foster student learning and the achievement of course goals.
195 This section outlines the definition of effective teaching, the required contents of candidate
196 narratives, supporting evidence, and, as relevant, evaluation criteria for committees, chairs, and
197 the Dean.
198

200 **2.1.3.1 Continuous Professional Learning**

201 Candidates must show efforts to improve their teaching. In demonstrating continuous
202 professional learning (University RTP Policy Section 2.1.1), candidates should explain how they
203 have remained up to date with course content, pedagogical methods, and best practices for
204 educating a diverse student population. Their narrative should discuss how they have engaged in
205 professional pedagogical development activities during the period of review to ensure their
206 instructional activities reflect current best practices. They may also discuss the relationship
207 between RSCA and/or service activities to instruction.
208

209 Evidence supporting the narrative could include but is not limited to participation in professional
210 development activities (both on- and off-campus), attendance at professional conferences, and
211 observations or discussions of instruction by peers. Candidates should document supporting
212 evidence in their PDS and list evidence in their index. Department evaluation shall consider
213 evidence demonstrating application of professional development activities and the
214 implementation of pedagogical training into course materials during the period under review.
215

216 **2.1.3.2 Reflection on and Adaptation of Instruction**

219
220 Candidates must show reflection on and adaptation of instruction. In demonstrating reflection on
221 and adaptation of instruction (University RTP Policy Section 2.1.2), candidates should discuss
222 modifications to their teaching during the period under review. Their narrative should explain
223 how they have examined their instructional practices and made deliberate efforts to improve
224 student learning. This might include specifying one or more instructional goals or practices the
225 candidate decided to change, followed by a discussion of the evidence that indicated the need for
226 a change, and concluding with an explanation of the effort undertaken to make the change.
227
228 Evidence supporting the narrative could include but is not limited to instructional materials that
229 show what the course was like before and after the changes. Instructional materials include but
230 are not limited to class handouts, lecture notes/slides, descriptions of class activities, and web
231 page printouts. Candidates should document supporting evidence in their PDS and list evidence
232 in their index. The evaluation shall consider evidence regarding changes to course syllabi,
233 instructional goals or practices, assignments, or other materials that show modifications to
234 instruction over time based on reflection.
235
236 2.1.3.3 Fostering student learning and the achievement of course goals
237
238 Candidates must show how they have engaged and helped students achieve course outcomes. In
239 demonstrating instructional practices that foster learning and achievement of course goals
240 (University RTP Policy Section 2.1.3), candidates should explain how they have supported
241 student learning, achieved course outcomes, and accommodated student differences. Their
242 narratives should discuss their philosophy and how it aligns with their instructional strategies.
243 Their narratives should also address, as appropriate, student course evaluations that are below
244 department and/or college norms, relative to level as well as grade distributions that differ from
245 department norms, relative to level.
246
247 Evidence supporting the narrative must include course syllabi, quantitative course evaluation
248 summaries, and grade distributions. For courses taught more than once during the period of
249 review, only one representative syllabus shall be submitted. Candidates may include additional
250 syllabi as needed to demonstrate course revisions and/or experimentation. Evidence supporting
251 the narrative could include student work samples (including multiple iterations of the same
252 assignment with instructor feedback), formative or summative assessments (e.g., discussion
253 assignments, labs, quizzes, papers or project assignments, or comprehensive final assignments or
254 exams), a short video clip of the candidate's teaching together with a narrative description,
255 qualitative student perception data, observations by trained or peer observers, or support letters
256 submitted during open period. Candidates should document supporting evidence in their PDS
257 and list evidence in their index.
258
259 In line with the University RTP Policy, the CLA requires RTP committees to consider multiple
260 modes of evidence when assessing teaching effectiveness as it relates to fostering student
261 learning, achieving course goals, and accommodating student differences. In considering course
262 syllabi, the evaluation shall additionally consider evidence such as syllabi content relative to
263 course level and catalog description as well as currency in the discipline and consistency with
264 current Academic Senate syllabus policies.

265
266 Course evaluation summaries provide one among several ways to measure instructional
267 effectiveness and should be supplemented with other instructional materials. Although course
268 evaluation summaries must be included for each section of a course for which student course
269 evaluations are required during the period of review, committees, chairs, and the Dean shall
270 evaluate quantitative student perceptions of teaching (i.e., SPOT forms) relative to context,
271 including:

272
273 a. Class characteristics

- 274 1. Course level
- 275 2. Course type and mode (e.g., required, elective, writing intensive, online
276 synchronous/asynchronous/hybrid/face-to-face, for majors only or GE, etc.)
- 277 3. Number of enrolled students (vs. number of SPOT responses)
- 278 4. Whether this was a new course preparation
- 279 5. Course meeting time

280
281 b. Candidate's teaching assignment

- 282 1. Number of new course preparations during the semester of evaluation
- 283 2. Total number of different course preparations during the period of review
- 284 3. Alignment of Standard Course Outline (SCO) with the candidate's area of
285 expertise/training

286
287 c. Candidate's experimentation with methodologies in attempting to improve teaching
288 effectiveness

289
290 d. Trends over time, keeping in mind that it is impossible to remove or account for all bias in
291 student evaluations

292 Grade distributions must be included, as they provide a measure for contextualizing assessment
293 of student learning and student course evaluations. As grade distributions necessarily differ from
294 one group of students to another, the evaluation will consider overall trends in grade distributions
295 relative to the contextual factors listed for course evaluations.

296
297 **2.2 Research, Scholarly, and Creative Activities (RSCA)**

298 The Department of Economics requires research, scholarly, and creative activities (RSCA) of all
299 tenured and tenure-track faculty members. The department recognizes and appreciates the
300 diversity of methods, epistemologies, and perspectives represented within the department. The
301 department understands that faculty create and disseminate RSCA in widely varying ways,
302 including but not limited to original research, making connections between and across
303 disciplines, bridging theory and practice, communicating knowledge effectively to students and
304 peers, or reciprocal partnerships with broader communities. The Department of Economics
305 values scholarship as a continuum of diverse forms which create, apply, or expand knowledge or
306 skills benefiting professional, local, state, national, or international communities. RSCA involves
307 the dissemination of products and findings. The value of these products is not determined by
308 their medium, language, or audience. Valuable RSCA is not restricted to professional audiences,
309
310

311 English-only contributions, or historically valued publishing mechanisms. All RSCA, however,
312 must be peer reviewed by other experts, practitioners, partners, or reciprocal collaborators.
313 Standards for peer review are determined by the type of scholarship being undertaken (the
314 scholarship of discovery, the scholarship of integration, the scholarship of application or
315 engagement, and/or the scholarship of teaching and learning; definitions are in Section 2.2 of
316 University RTP Policy). The department does not limit candidates to an exclusive list of research,
317 scholarly, and creative activities; contributions may be in one area or across multiple areas of the
318 continuum of scholarship.

319
320 Scholarly contributions to any area(s) are valued equally by the Department of Economics.

321
322 Candidates are responsible for documenting the quality, impact, and extent to which their
323 accomplishments use or expand disciplinary knowledge or skills. This section outlines the
324 criteria for the evaluation of RSCA in the college and candidate's responsibilities regarding RTP
325 files and materials.

326
327 **2.2.1 RSCA File**

328
329 **2.2.1.1 Required Materials**

330
331 Candidate's files **must** include:

332
333 a. RSCA narrative written on the fillable form.
334 b. All published peer-reviewed research, scholarly, and creative activities for the review
335 period only. RSCA claimed in prior actions cannot be included. Examples of published peer-
336 reviewed research include but are not limited to books, articles, films, and other media,
337 policy or program development, legislation, new statewide curriculum, patent applications,
338 training videos, and digital creations or tools. Such materials shall be included in the file,
339 with links for digital products made included in the PDS or made available in the appropriate
340 format. Furthermore, candidates have the option to include accepted, in press, or forthcoming
341 RSCA as per the following guidelines:

342 1. Candidates submitting materials for RTP have the option to include accepted, in press,
343 or forthcoming RSCA for the period of review. Alternately, if they deem it beneficial for
344 future actions, they may withhold such materials for a subsequent RTP action. When
345 candidates decide to withhold these materials, such items must be listed under Works in
346 Progress on the PDS.

347 2. In cases of post-tenure promotion, candidates may only include publications and all in
348 press, forthcoming, or accepted RSCA that had not been previously claimed in a prior
349 successful action.

350 c. For candidates who author externally funded RSCA grants and choose to highlight those
351 as an achievement in the narrative, the file must include: (1) summary or description of funded
352 project; (2) length of grant period; (3) granting agency; (4) amount of award; (5) brief
353 description of candidate's role in authorship and implementation.

354 d. Proof of publication status as defined in Section 2.2.5 for all in press, forthcoming, and
355 accepted RSCA submitted with the RTP file.

356 e. Proof of peer review as defined in Section 2.2.3.

358

359 **2.2.1.2 Optional Materials**

360

361 The inclusion of non-peer-reviewed publications is optional. As such, the absence of such
362 materials shall not be viewed as negative for any candidate.

363

364 **2.2.1.3 Excluded Materials**

365

366 Candidates cannot include other evidence of unpublished RSCA (e.g., works in progress,
367 conference presentations, and invited lectures). Listing such items on the PDS is sufficient.

368

369 **2.2.2 RSCA Narrative**

370

371 The RSCA narrative should be written for a nonspecialist audience and should provide context
372 for the candidate's RSCA overall; candidates are not expected to discuss every accomplishment.
373 Candidates are encouraged to refer readers to supporting documents without repeating their
374 contents. For the period of review, the narrative must address:

375

- 376 a. The scholarly vision or program of the candidate's RSCA, including the questions, issues,
377 or problems addressed by their work, as well as the aims or expected outcomes.
- 378 b. The trajectory and development of the RSCA and its quality, significance, and impact,
379 especially in regard to the type of activity (scholarship of discovery, integration, application,
380 engagement, and/or teaching and learning as per University RTP Policy Section 2.2), and the
381 communities and constituencies involved.
- 382 c. The quality, significance, and impact of non-peer-reviewed products, if included in the
383 candidate's RTP file.
- 384 d. Any RSCA for which the candidate received reassigned time or additional compensation.

385

386 **2.2.3 Peer Review Requirement and Definition**

387

388 In the Department of Economics, a candidate's RSCA and its impact can take many forms. Peer
389 review is the primary requirement for the majority of a candidate's research, scholarly, and
390 creative activities. Peer review should be executed by expert scholars, practitioners, partners, or
391 reciprocal collaborators in the field, depending upon the type of scholarship undertaken (the
392 scholarship of discovery, the scholarship of integration, the scholarship of engagement, the
393 scholarship of application and practice, and/or the scholarship of teaching and learning); see
394 Section 2.2 in College and University RTP policies. It is the candidate's responsibility to clarify
395 how their work meets the standards for peer review, to explain the appropriateness of the kind of
396 peer review for the type of RSCA, and to make the case for the impact of their work.

397

398 **2.2.3.1 Definition**

399

400 Peer review may be defined as 1. a process by which qualified experts in the discipline evaluate
401 the merit, importance, and originality of research, scholarly, and creative activities; 2. a mutually
402 constitutive process established in the reciprocal relationship between a researcher and the

403 communities with which they are engaged (e.g., organizations, governmental agencies, schools,
404 business/industry, etc.). It is the responsibility of the candidate to document the process of peer
405 review.

406

407 Forms of peer review may include but are not limited to:

408

409 a. The process of selection of work for dissemination within academic publishing venues.
410 This form of peer review is appropriate for the scholarship of discovery. Evidence of quality
411 can be indicated by, for instance, journal impact factors, journal acceptance rates, citation
412 indices, or research productivity indices.

413 b. The process of selection of work for dissemination within the publishing venues of non-
414 academic sectors. This form of peer review would be appropriate, for instance, for the
415 scholarship of integration, teaching and learning, and application and practice. Evidence of
416 quality can be indicated by, for instance, editor or curator letters of acceptance, breadth of
417 distribution or audience reception, or acceptance rates.

418 c. Documentation of the quantity, strength, and impact of work on stakeholders (e.g.,
419 enactment of related legislation, adoption of innovations, and/or widespread changes in
420 professional practice, etc.). This form of peer review would be appropriate for the scholarship
421 of engagement, integration, application and practice, and teaching and learning. Evidence of
422 quality can be indicated by, for instance, internal reviews, adoption of product by external
423 groups, or community reports.

424 d. The process of evaluation of external RSCA grant proposals by granting agencies or
425 organizations. This form of peer review would be appropriate, for instance, for the
426 scholarship of discovery, engagement, teaching and learning, integration, and application and
427 practice. Evidence of quality can be indicated by, for instance, internal reviews,
428 competitiveness of the grant process, or organizational reports.

429 e. A process leading to creative performances, exhibitions of work, or academic presentations
430 in public venues in which peers independently evaluated the work. This form of peer review
431 would be appropriate, for instance, for the scholarship of discovery, engagement, teaching
432 and learning, integration, and application and practice. Evidence of quality can be indicated
433 by, for instance, editor, organizer, or curator letters of acceptance, the prestige of the venue,
434 published reviews, breadth of distribution or audience reception, or acceptance rates.

435 f. Testimonials, letters of recommendation, or adoptions from peers, professionals,
436 community stakeholders, etc. that affirm the quality of the work; such materials would be
437 from the period of review and may be distinct from those submitted during the open period.
438 This form of peer review would be appropriate, for instance, for the scholarship of
439 engagement, teaching and learning, integration, and application and practice. Evidence of
440 quality can be indicated by, for instance, the extent to which others or the field have been
441 influenced by the RSCA (e.g. changes in perspective in the field, widespread sharing of
442 RSCA materials, positive end-user assessment, subsequent offers of consulting work, citation
443 of adoption of RSCA work by a community, generation of gifts to endow a program,
444 affirmation of improved economic, social or environmental conditions of a community,
445 region, agency, industry or another sector).

446 g. Awards, honors, or other public recognition of the work by peers, professionals,
447 community stakeholders, etc. This form of peer review would be appropriate, for instance,
448 for the scholarship of discovery, engagement, teaching and learning, integration, and

449 application and practice. Evidence of quality can be indicated by, for instance, organizational
450 sponsors or letters of award.

451

452 **2.2.3.2 Labeling Requirement**

453

454 The term peer review encompasses the terms “juried” and “refereed,” which may be used for all
455 RSCA evaluated by qualified experts in specific disciplines. For each RSCA item on the
456 Professional Data Sheet, candidates are required to indicate whether the item was peer-reviewed
457 by using consistent labels of “Peer Reviewed,” “Refereed,” or “Juried” as appropriate to the field
458 and type of scholarship undertaken.

459

460 **2.2.4 Definitions of Publication Status**

461

462 RSCA not yet in print or otherwise in the public domain must be labeled on the Professional
463 Data Sheet according to the following definitions of publication status:

464

- 465 a. In press and forthcoming are interchangeable. Both refer to an accepted work that is in the
466 copy-editing, page proof, or other pre-publication state.
- 467 b. Accepted refers to a manuscript that a publisher or other entity has agreed to publish
468 without major changes.
- 469 c. Under contract with complete manuscript draft refers to RSCA for which there is a contract
470 and a complete manuscript draft. Candidates have the option to include works under contract
471 with complete manuscript draft as RSCA if they deem it beneficial to their current RTP
472 action; see Section 2.2.1.1.
- 473 d. Conditionally accepted refers to a manuscript that has been reviewed and has received this
474 evaluation from a publisher or other entity, indicating that changes are required before the
475 manuscript will be published.
- 476 e. Revise and resubmit refers to a manuscript that has been reviewed and has received this
477 evaluation from a publisher or other entity, indicating that the manuscript has to be evaluated
478 again prior to a final decision.
- 479 f. Submitted means only that work has been submitted for consideration.
- 480 g. Under contract without complete manuscript draft refers to RSCA for which there is a
481 contract granted without a complete manuscript draft.

482

483 **2.2.5 Proof of Publication Status**

484

485 For in press, forthcoming, accepted and under contract with a complete manuscript RSCA
486 submitted with the RTP file (e.g., Section 2.2.4.a-c), candidates must submit evidence of
487 publication status (e.g., a letter from the publisher/editor or a copy of the contract). RSCA not
488 submitted for evaluation (e.g., work in progress /ongoing work as per Section 2.2.4.d-g) does not
489 require such documentation.

490

491 **2.2.6 Disclosure Requirements and Conflict of Interest**

492

493 **2.2.6.1 Disclosure of Peer Review Process**

495 Candidates are responsible for providing proof of peer review. All such proof must be provided
496 in English. Proof of peer review can include, but is not limited to the following, any of which
497 forms of proof are equally valid:

498

499 a. A statement of the venue's editorial policy.
500 b. Copies of reader reports. Candidates who submit these for evidence of peer review should
501 be aware that any materials submitted in RTP files can be used by evaluators to assess their
502 work in any capacity. Candidates who are concerned that critiques in their readers' reports
503 may reflect negatively on their overall RSCA are encouraged to submit alternate proof of
504 peer review, such as Section 2.2.6.1 a, c or d.
505 c. Letters from editors or readers in which editorial policy is stated.
506 d. Letters, testimonials, evaluations, public recognition, etc. from community stakeholders or
507 participatory agencies, communications between the community and researcher, and other
508 similar evidence of peer review.

509

510 **2.2.6.2 Ethical Concerns**

511

512 Any potential ethical concerns must be disclosed in the narrative. Ethical concerns include but
513 are not limited to conflicts of interest, monetary payment to secure publication, and duplicate
514 publication.

515

516 a. Conflicts of interest: Conflicts of interest include but are not limited to having collaborated
517 on the RSCA works being evaluated.
518 b. Monetary contributions: Publications in venues to which an author is required to make a
519 monetary contribution in order to secure publication (e.g., for-profit presses and predatory
520 presses) shall be considered a priori an ethical concern, regardless of selection process. This
521 does not include venues that require subsidies to offset publication costs after a work has
522 been accepted for publication on its scholarly merits (e.g., charges for images, open access,
523 or subvention).
524 c. Duplicate publication: Candidates must address duplicate RSCA in their narratives.
525 Examples include but are not limited to the same article published in different venues or in
526 different languages. Reprints must be labeled as such.

527

528 **2.3 Service**

529

530 High-quality, sustained service contributions to their department, college and the University as
531 well as to the profession and/or the community are required of all faculty in the College of
532 Liberal Arts. It is the responsibility of every tenure-track and tenured faculty member to engage
533 in service, and to do so in a way that leads to equitable contributions that minimize cultural and
534 identity taxation. Service contributions should not be minimized or considered less important
535 than instruction or RSCA by candidates or evaluators. Expectations for degree and quality of
536 service vary by rank of the faculty member.

537

538 This section delineates service expectations and criteria for evaluation of quality service.

539

540 As noted in the Collective Bargaining Agreement, mentoring, advising, and outreach activities,
541 including those caused by cultural and identity taxation, are particularly important for supporting
542 underserved, first-generation, international, and/or underrepresented students. The Department of
543 Economics recognizes that the quality and degree of a candidate's service may be impacted by
544 disproportionate expectations placed upon them for this work. Specifically, the labor undertaken
545 to support diversity initiatives is often provided by, or extracted from, marginalized and/or
546 minoritized faculty as a direct result of their identities. Cultural and identity taxation is defined in
547 Section 1.3.1.

548
549 The sections below provide guidelines to candidates on how to discuss service impacted by
550 issues of cultural and identity taxation in their files, and to RTP committees on how to evaluate
551 files impacted by such issues.

552
553 **2.3.1 Service File**
554
555 Candidates **must** submit:
556
557 a. Narrative written on the fillable form. The narrative shall address the significance and
558 impact of service identified on the PDS. Within their narratives, candidates must disclose and
559 describe whenever activities include reassigned time or compensation, including details
560 about the expectations or goals of the service activity.
561 b. Professional Data Sheet. As per university guidelines, the PDS must address dates of
562 service, offices held, objectives of activity, degree of participation, concrete contributions,
563 and responsibilities. In the case of student mentoring or advising, the PDS should include the
564 nature and extent of the work, and the number of students impacted.

565
566 In their service file, candidates should discuss service activities by outlining the activity's
567 objectives or actions (for instance, what a committee does and how often it meets), articulate
568 their own contributions to the work accomplished (for instance, officer/leadership roles and
569 concrete contributions such as drafts of memos or policies), and describe outcomes or impact of
570 the work. If the candidate chooses to discuss student mentoring or advising as service, that could
571 be described in terms of its goals, aims, or philosophy, followed by discussion of the scope (e.g.
572 number of students, extent of work) and impact of the candidate's work, highlighting student
573 success. Candidates can describe off-campus or profession-linked work in terms of what the
574 work is, how it utilizes the candidate's academic expertise, and how it impacts the profession or
575 wider community. In general, candidates should discuss and (when possible) document the
576 importance, scope, and length of their service accomplishments, noting the time, effort, and
577 amount of work involved in the activities as well as (when possible) the overall impact of the
578 service and the number individuals impacted.

579
580 Candidates who experience cultural and identity taxation may choose to describe this in their
581 narratives, detailing how their service is in high demand due to their positionality, and how their
582 service obligations may have exceeded typical expectations due to their marginalized and/or
583 minoritized identities. While not easily quantifiable, the increased service workload undertaken
584 by these faculty can be described in terms of the impact their work has had on their department,
585 college, university, community and/or discipline. Faculty may wish to describe in their narratives

586 how their own unique circumstances intersected with the needs of the campus community during
587 the period under review, clarifying how this may have affected their work performance in
588 teaching, RSCA, and service activities.

589
590 Examples of work associated with cultural and identity taxation include, but are not limited to
591 advising student organizations, serving on campus committees, serving on thesis or
592 comprehensive exam committees, advocating for or counseling marginalized and/or minoritized
593 students (e.g., students of color, queer students, students with disabilities, etc.), defending
594 scholarship on marginalized and/or minoritized communities, meeting with marginalized and/or
595 minoritized students, commenting on drafts of papers, writing letters of recommendation, sharing
596 career and academic opportunities, giving public lectures on diversity, and mentoring junior
597 colleagues.

598
599 Review committees should recognize that faculty experience various forms of cultural and
600 identity taxation, resulting in intense service work, student mentoring, and other activities on and
601 off campus that are essential to the mission of the university. The university benefits from this
602 work, and as such, it is incumbent upon evaluating committees to contextualize this service, and
603 to recognize service accomplishments that are tied to cultural and identity taxation.

604
605 **2.3.2 Service Expectations**

606
607 All faculty members are expected to participate actively in the processes of faculty governance
608 by working collaboratively and productively with colleagues. At all levels, quality and degree of
609 participation of service activities shall be weighted more heavily than the sheer number of
610 committees on which candidates serve.

611
612 Service work acceptable for reappointment, tenure, or promotion, can take any of several forms.
613 Although this document broadly categorizes service activities in terms of impact on campus,
614 community, or profession, these designations are neither discrete nor mutually exclusive. Some
615 forms of service may be informal, while others may be through structured roles. The following
616 examples should not be construed as exhaustive.

617
618 Examples of service contributions may include, but are not limited to:

619
620 **Campus Service:** Service on department, university, CSU systemwide committees and
621 taskforces, program development; sponsorship of student organizations; direction of non-
622 instructional activities and projects; authorship of reports and other materials pertinent to
623 university, college, or department policies and procedures; mentoring of fellow faculty members
624 and staff; mentoring of students; service or leadership activities for university committees,
625 service to CFA.

626
627 **Service to the Profession:** Service to professional organizations or boards; conducting external
628 evaluations; external grant reviewer; peer-reviewer for scholarly publications; mentoring,
629 coaching and advising of colleagues and students in the discipline.

631 **Service to the Community:** Consulting in public schools and other agencies relevant to
632 academic expertise, serving in local government, and board membership in community
633 organizations.

634

635 **2.3.2.1 Minimum Service Expectations by Rank**

636 The department defers to CLA RTP policy on minimum service expectation by rank (see 2.3.2.1 637
in CLA RTP policy).

649 **2.3.3 Evaluation of Service**

650

651 RTP committees must evaluate the nature and quality of the candidate's service activities relative
652 to department, College, and University RTP policies as well as the CBA. When evaluating
653 candidate files that demonstrate patterns of cultural and identity taxation affecting workload,
654 RTP committees must also account for those contributions when evaluating service.

655

656 **3.0 RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE RTP PROCESS**

657

658 The University RTP Policy delineates the responsibilities of all parties in the RTP process and
659 emphasizes the confidentiality of all RTP deliberations.

660

661 **3.1 Candidate**

662

663 Candidates have the primary responsibility for presenting a coherent RTP file that complies with
664 all specifications herein. Similarly, candidates are charged with seeking guidance from the
665 department chair or designated mentor regarding the RTP process and procedures. Clarity,
666 disclosure, and organization are the hallmarks of a sound RTP file.

667

668 **3.1.1** It is the candidate's responsibility to ensure that the narrative is factually accurate.
669 Misrepresentations shall be referred to Faculty Affairs.

670

671 **3.1.2** It is the candidate's responsibility to ensure that all required materials are included in the
672 RTP file before submission to the department RTP committee.

673

674 **3.1.3** As per the CBA, late materials shall be limited to those items that become accessible after
675 the file completion date. Insertion of materials after the date of file completion must have the

1 676 approval of the college RTP committee, which is the peer review committee designated by the
2 677 campus for this decision.
3 678

4 679 **3.2 Joint Appointments**
5 680

6 681 The university policy on joint appointments for faculty stipulates that all individuals with a joint
7 682 appointment have one administratively responsible department. It also stipulates that for RTP
8 683 purposes the administratively responsible department shall initiate the formation of an evaluation
9 684 committee. This committee shall consist of members selected from among the peer review
10 685 committees of the departments within which the candidate holds a joint appointment.
11 686

12 687 **3.3 Department RTP Committee**
13 688

14 689 The University RTP Policy delineates the responsibilities for department RTP committees and
15 690 stipulates that no one individual may participate in the evaluation of any single candidate in more
16 691 than one level of review. It is expected that all evaluators attend RTP evaluation workshops and
17 692 be familiar with the latest policies and evaluation guidelines at the Department, College, and
18 693 University levels.
19 694

20 695 **3.3.1** The Department RTP Committee Chair is responsible for protecting the confidentiality of
21 696 RTP documents.
22 697

23 698 **3.3.2** The Department RTP Committee Chair must inform all other committee members of the
24 699 decisions of the Department Chair, CLA committee, Dean and Provost.
25 700

26 701 **3.4 Department Chair Evaluations**
27 702

28 703 In the Department of Economics, the Chair is not required to but may provide an independent
29 704 evaluation of RTP candidates. That document usually will not exceed 500 words. However, in
30 705 promotion considerations, the Chair must have a higher rank than the candidate being considered
31 706 for promotion in order to contribute a review. In no case will the department chair participate in
32 707 the evaluation of any single candidate in more than one level of review.
33 708

34 709 **3.5 College and University Review**
35 710

36 711 The College RTP committee reviews materials submitted by candidates, departmental
37 712 committees, and department chairs. Evaluation by the College committee must take into account
38 713 the RTP policy of the candidate's department as well as the university and college RTP policies.
39 714 It is expected that all evaluators attend RTP evaluation workshops and be familiar with the latest
40 715 policies and evaluation guidelines at the Department, College, and University levels. The
41 716 committee renders its own evaluation, which it forwards to the Dean.
42 717

43 718 The Dean is charged with mentoring department chairs regarding their role in the RTP process.
44 719 The Dean also communicates standards and expectations and ensures the integrity of the RTP
45 720 process across the college. The Dean writes an independent evaluation and recommendation for
46 721 each candidate and forwards that evaluation to the Provost.

722
723 The Provost provides oversight for the university's RTP process, establishes the annual calendar
724 of the RTP cycle, provides training for committees, chairs, and deans, and distributes relevant
725 information to prospective candidates, chairs, deans, and members of college and department
726 RTP committees. The Provost shall review the candidate's file, including all prior evaluations,
727 and make a final recommendation regarding RTP. The President has the authority to make final
728 decisions for the university with respect to reappointment, tenure, and promotion. The President
729 may delegate this authority to the Provost.

730
731 **4.0 TIMELINES FOR THE RTP PROCESS**

732
733 The University RTP Policy provides timelines for all RTP actions and for periodic review
734 requirements for tenured and probationary faculty. All tenure-track and tenured faculty undergo
735 performance review and evaluation. Tenure-track faculty members are evaluated each year.
736 During years when the candidate is not being reviewed for reappointment, tenure, and/or
737 promotion, the candidate will undergo periodic review. Tenured faculty members are evaluated
738 every five (5) years. The following timelines apply to candidates who are appointed at the rank
739 of Assistant Professor with no service credit; actual timelines may vary according to level of
740 appointment and service credit:

741
742 **4.1 Evaluation of Tenure-track Faculty for Reappointment**

743
744 In the first year and second years of service, the annual evaluation takes the form of a periodic
745 review. The periodic review provides the candidate with feedback on progress toward tenure.
746 The periodic review is conducted by the department RTP committee, the department chair, and
747 the College Dean. The periodic evaluation in the first year may just be reviewed by the
748 department chair and the Dean. In the third year of service, the annual evaluation takes the form
749 of a reappointment review. Successful candidates are reappointed for one, two, or three years.

750
751 **4.2 Evaluation of Tenure-track Faculty for Tenure and Promotion**

752
753 In the first and second years of reappointment (or fourth and fifth years of continuous service),
754 the annual evaluation takes the form of a periodic or reappointment review, as appropriate. In the
755 third year of reappointment (or the sixth year of continuous service) the annual evaluation takes
756 the form of a tenure review, which may also be a review for promotion. A tenure-track faculty
757 member may request consideration for early tenure and promotion prior to the scheduled sixth
758 year review. This process is discussed under Section 5.5.

759
760 **4.3 Evaluation of Tenured Faculty for Promotion**

761
762 An Associate Professor becomes eligible for promotion review to Full Professor in the fifth year
763 at the associate rank. A tenured Associate Professor may seek early promotion to Full Professor
764 prior to the fifth year in rank. This process is discussed further under Section 5.5. A tenured
765 faculty member may choose not to be evaluated for promotion in a given year; however, the
766 faculty member will still be required to undergo the five-year periodic evaluation of tenured
767 faculty.

768

769 **5.0 APPOINTMENT AND PROMOTION CRITERIA**

770

771 Candidates for reappointment, tenure, and promotion will be evaluated in all three areas: (1)
772 instructional activities; (2) RSCA; and (3) service. Candidates shall demonstrate ongoing
773 achievement in all three areas to receive a positive recommendation for any action.

774

775 **5.1 Reappointment Consideration for Tenure-Track Faculty**

776

777 The candidate must have completed at least one periodic evaluation and must demonstrate
778 significant progress towards tenure. Based upon criteria established by the college and the
779 candidate's department, a candidate for reappointment must show evidence of quality in all three
780 areas of evaluation.

781

782 The candidate for reappointment is expected to demonstrate effective teaching that is responsive
783 to the learning needs of CSULB's diverse students and to the University's educational mission.
784 The candidate is expected to show progress in their program of ongoing RSCA and to have
785 produced initial scholarly and creative achievements. The candidate is expected to have made
786 service contributions primarily at the departmental or program level and consistent with
787 departmental and college service expectations.

788

789 The candidate must demonstrate efforts to improve performance if weaknesses in any area have
790 been identified in any prior evaluations (e.g., mini-review).

791

792 **5.2 Awarding of Tenure**

793

794 The awarding of tenure represents the university's long-term commitment to a faculty member and
795 is granted when the candidate has demonstrated the ability to make ongoing and increasingly
796 distinguished professional contributions to the university and to the profession. Tenure is based
797 on a candidate demonstrating a sustained record of high-quality work over multiple years and
798 evidence leading to the belief that a candidate will continue being productive in all three areas.
799 Tenure is not based solely on the quantity of scholarly output, courses taught, or committees on
which one has served.

801

802 The candidate must present evidence of meeting the required tenure criteria in all areas of
803 evaluation as established in the RTP policies of the department, college, and the university. For
804 review of an assistant professor, tenure and promotion to associate professor normally are
805 awarded together.

806

807 **5.3 Appointment/Promotion to Associate Professor**

808

809 The University RTP Policy states the minimum standard for appointment/promotion to Associate
810 Professor, including the expectation that a candidate shall have a record of high-quality peer-
811 reviewed work that has contributed to the advancement, application, or pedagogy of their
812 discipline or interdisciplinary fields of study. In addition to the minimum standard stated in that

813 policy, the College of Liberal Arts requires the candidate to make high-quality service
814 contributions to the department and to either the College or the University.

815

816 **5.4 Appointment/Promotion to Professor**

817

818 The University Policy states that standards for promotion to Full Professor shall be higher than
819 standards for promotion to Associate Professor. In the College of Liberal Arts, a candidate for
820 appointment/advancement to Professor must demonstrate a consistent record of excellence in all
821 three areas of evaluation. The successful candidate will demonstrate RSCA that include high-
822 quality contributions to the advancement, application, or pedagogy of his or her discipline or
823 interdisciplinary fields of study. The candidate is expected to have a substantial record of peer-
824 reviewed work at the national and/or international levels. In addition, a candidate for promotion
825 to Professor shall demonstrate high-quality instruction and instructional activities. The candidate
826 also is expected to have a substantive service record that includes: (a) service at department,
827 college, and university levels; (b) a record of leadership at the University; and (c) a record of
828 service in the community or the profession.

829

830 **5.5 Early Tenure or Early Promotion**

831

832 As outlined by the University RTP Policy, early tenure and/or early promotion are awarded in
833 exceptional circumstances in which a candidate demonstrates a superior record of
834 accomplishment in all three areas of evaluation. That policy states that candidates for early
835 tenure and/or promotion are encouraged to participate in the external evaluation process
836 according to the university policy on external evaluation.

837

838 **5.5.1 Additional Criterion in the College of Liberal Arts**

839

840 In the College of Liberal Arts, prior to applying for an early RTP action, a potential candidate is
841 encouraged to seek guidance from all available resources and mentors, including the department
842 chair, Dean, and, if possible, department RTP committee members.

843

844 **6.0 STEPS IN THE RTP PROCESS**

845

846 The university-mandated timeline and steps in the RTP process are outlined in the
847 University RTP Policy. In the College of Liberal Arts, the department RTP committee chair or
848 department chair collects and prepares an index of the materials submitted during the open
849 period to be included in the candidate's file, and submits the materials via the university
850 approved process.

851

852 **7.0 ADDITIONAL PROCESSES**

853

854 The department defers to CLA RTP policy on additional processes (see 7.0 in CLA RTP policy).
857

881
882 **8.0 CHANGES AND AMENDMENTS TO THE RTP POLICY**
883
884 **8.1** Amendments may be proposed by the Department RTP Committee or by a petition
885 signed by 20 percent of the tenured and probationary faculty of the Department.
886
887 **8.2** The Chairperson shall call a meeting of the Faculty to discuss proposed amendments.
888
889 **8.3** Voting shall be consistent with the By-Laws of the Department of Economics.
890
891 **8.4** Amendments are ratified by a majority of the ballots cast by the tenured and
892 probationary faculty and approvals required by the CLA Faculty Council, the CLA
893 Dean, and the Provost.
894
895 **8.5** If any provision of this Document is in conflict with either (a) RTP provisions in the
896 Collective Bargaining Agreement or (b) the University Policy on RTP, the Faculty
897 shall approve changes to bring the provision into conformity, thereby amending this
898 Document.