CECS 528, Learning Outcome Assessment 11b, April 28th, Spring 2023, Dr. Ebert

Problems

LO7. Answer the following.

- (a) The Floyd-Warshall algorithm establishes a recurrence for d_{ij}^k . In words, what does d_{ij}^k equal?
- (b) Provide the dynamic-programming recurrence d_{ij}^k .
- (c) When executing the Floyd-Warshall algorithm, assume

$$d^{3} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 12 & 14 & 2 & 2 & 6 \\ 9 & 0 & 20 & 13 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 5 & 0 & 7 & 6 & 1 \\ 15 & 10 & 19 & 0 & 5 & 2 \\ 9 & 3 & 5 & 6 & 0 & 3 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 & 8 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

has been computed. Use this matrix to compute d^5 . Then use d^5 to compute d^6 .

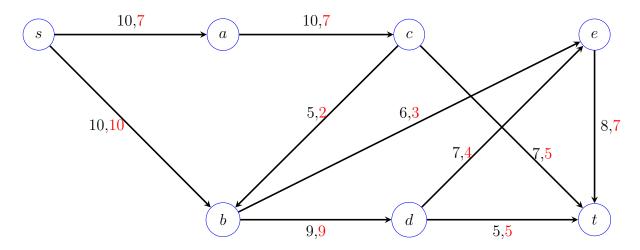
LO8. Answer the following.

- (a) Provide the dynamic-programming recurrence for computing mc(u, v) the maximum-cost of any path from vertex u to vertex v in a directed acyclic graph (DAG) G = (V, E, c), where c(e) gives the cost of edge e, for each $e \in E$. Hint: **credit will not be awarded** for using d(u, v) instead of mc(u, v).
- (b) Draw the vertices of the following DAG G in a linear left-to-right manner so that the vertices are topologically sorted, meaning, if (u, v) is an edge of G, then u appears to the left of v. The vertices of G are a-h, while the weighted edges of G are

$$(a, b, 18), (a, e, 14), (a, f, 19), (b, c, 13), (b, g, 9), (c, d, 8), (c, g, 13), (c, h, 11), (d, h, 15), (e, b, 5)$$

 $(e, f, 1), (f, b, 19), (f, c, 9), (f, g, 8), (g, d, 4), (g, h, 18).$

- (c) Starting with u = h, and working backwards (from right to left in the topological sort), use the recurrence from part a to compute mc(u, h) for each $u \in \{a, b, ..., h\}$, where the ultimate goal is to compute d(a, h).
- LO9. A flow f (2nd value on each edge) has been placed in the network G below.
 - (a) Draw the residual network G_f and use it to determine an augmenting path P. Highlight path P in the network so that it is clearly visible.



- (b) In the original network, cross out any flow value that changed, and replace it with its updated value from $f_2 = \Delta(f, P)$.
- (c) What one query can be made to a Reachability oracle to determine if f_2 is a maximum flow for G? Hint: three inputs are needed for the reachable query function. Clearly define each of them.

LO10. Answer the following.

- (a) Provide the definition of what it means to be a mapping reduction from decision problem A to decision problem B.
- (b) For the mapping reduction f: Subset Sum \to Set Partition, determine f(S,t) for Subset Sum instance $(S = \{4,7,15,19,22,38,44,45\},t=111)$. Show work.
- (c) Verify that both (S,t) and f(S,t) are either both positive instances, or are both negative ones. Explain and show work.
- LO11. Recall the mapping reduction $f(\mathcal{C}) = (G, k)$, where f maps an instance of 3SAT to an instance of the Clique decision problem. Given 3SAT instance

$$C = \{(x_1, \overline{x}_2, x_5), (x_2, x_3, \overline{x}_4), (x_1, x_2, x_4), (\overline{x}_1, \overline{x}_3, \overline{x}_5)\}$$

answer the following questions about f(C). Hint: to answer these questions you do not need to draw G.

- (a) How many vertices does G have? Justify your answer.
- (b) How many edges does G have? Show work and justify your answer.
- (c) Is (G, k) a positive instance of Clique? Why or why not? If yes, what size clique must it have? Justify your answer.