

Physics 3C

Quiz 1

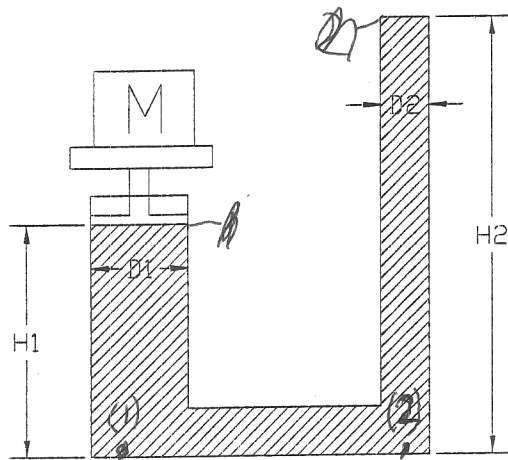
Name:

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Problem 1:

The system below is formed with two circular pipes of diameters D_1 and D_2 connected together. A mass M sits on a piston at height H_1 so that fluid of density ρ is just level with the top of the pipe at H_2 . Solve for the Mass in terms of ρ , H_1 , H_2 , D_1 and D_2 . Assume that the piston is massless.



Using Bernoulli's equation

$$\text{at (1)} \quad P_{ATM} + \frac{Mg}{A_1} + \rho g H_1 = \text{Constant}$$

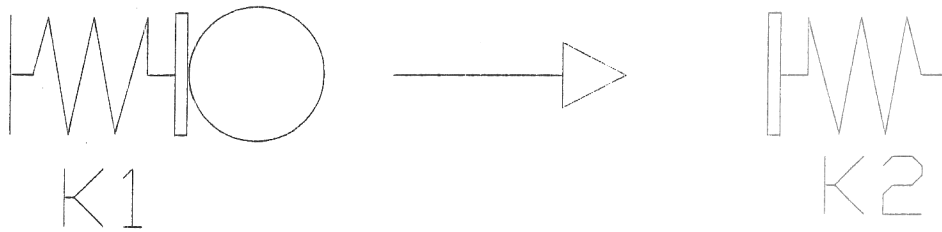
$$\text{at (2)} \quad P_{ATM} + \rho g H_2 = \text{Constant}$$

$$\text{so} \quad \cancel{P_{ATM}} + \frac{Mg}{A_1} + \rho g H_1 = \rho g H_2 + \cancel{P_{ATM}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M &= \rho (H_2 - H_1) A_1 \\ &= \rho \pi \frac{D_1^2}{4} (H_2 - H_1) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2:

A massless spring with spring constant K_1 is depressed a distance X_1 and used to fire a ball towards a second massless, uncompressed spring of spring constant K_2 . Find the distance X_2 that the second spring will be compressed. Energy is conserved.



$$E_i = E_f$$

$$E_i = \frac{1}{2} K_1 X_1^2$$

$$E_f = \frac{1}{2} K_2 X_2^2$$

$$\text{so } \frac{1}{2} K_1 X_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} K_2 X_2^2$$

$$X_2 = \sqrt{\frac{K_1}{K_2}} X_1$$